



## Adjustable radial outlet RA-V....

# Adjustable radial outlet

## Construction design

### Preliminary remarks

KRANTZ KOMPONENTEN has developed its wellknown, successful radial outlet into an **adjustable radial outlet**. The supply air can be discharged from almost horizontal to vertically downwards. Special features are its low height and simple construction; it operates in the same way as our famous variable twist outlet.

The adjustable radial outlet generates turbulent mixing air flow and is well suited for indoor spaces with no significant pollutant loads as well as for large discharge heights. It can be installed flush with the ceiling or free-hanging.

### Construction design

The air outlet element consists of the outlet casing **1a**, the moulded face **1b** and the built-in radial vanes **1c**. The fixed disc **3** with fastening screw **4** is located in the centre of the discharge plane. The discharge direction is adjusted by rotating a vertically mobile guide ring **5**. Depending on size, the maximum lift ranges from 16 mm to 36 mm. For manual adjustment, the guide ring is fitted with two opposite cams **6** on the inside.

For motorized adjustment, a servomotor **7** is fastened to a console **7a** above the outlet casing **1a**. The radial outlet can be removed downwards after loosening the fastening screw **4**.

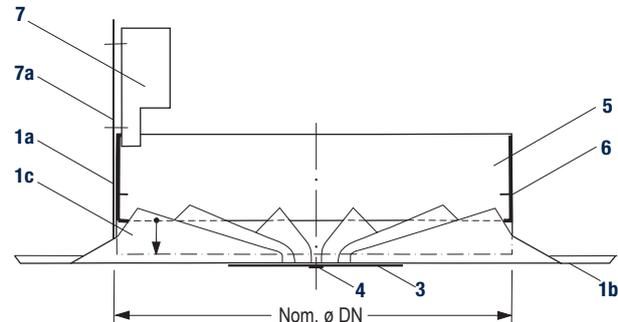


**Fig. 1: Adjustable radial outlet with circular face**

**Top: Guide ring retracted for cooling**

**Bottom: Guide ring extracted for heating**

The adjustable radial outlet is available with circular or square face. The square face can be optionally fitted with an outer skirting contact edge for ceiling attachment or with a 90° turn-up for installation in square tile ceilings.



**Fig. 2: Adjustable radial outlet with circular face**

The air outlet can be connected to the duct system either directly using a circular duct **15** to EN 1506 (by others) or via a connection box **8** (see pages 4 and 5). Using a spigot **17** (by others), the adjustable radial outlet can also be fitted onto the bottom of a rectangular duct.

At the side of the connection box is the connection spigot **11** for junction to the duct system. A volume flow damper **9** can be preinstalled in the connection spigot and operated either directly at the spigot or from the room via an adjustment device **14**.

The connection spigot is available smooth or with a lip seal **11a** (on request).

For increased insertion loss, the connection box is available with acoustic lining.

### Mode of operation

Depending on the connection type, the supply air flows either directly from the air duct or via the connection box into the air outlet and through its radial vanes into the room. This produces high-induction air jets with pronounced turbulence. If the vertically mobile guide ring is in the upper position, the air jets glide along the curved exit, resulting in a radial, horizontal jet deflection. The resultant jet pattern causes a strong admixture with ambient air and, consequently, rapid equalization of supply air temperature and indoor air temperature.

In the upper guide ring position, supply air discharge is radial and horizontal. It is used for air supply in rooms with low discharge height or high cooling loads (Figure 3a).

If the guide ring is moved downwards, the supply air jets shift progressively to vertical.

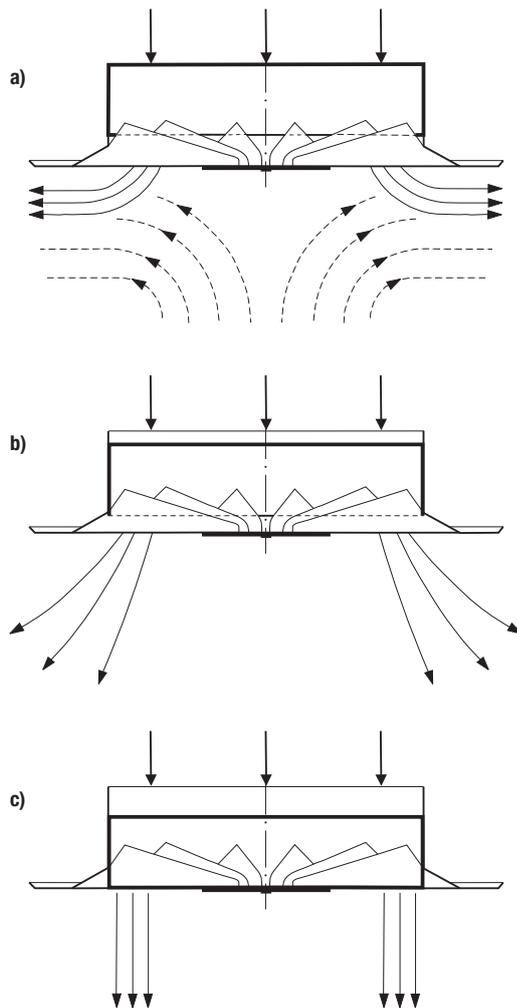
# Adjustable radial outlet

## Mode of operation

The guide ring is positioned between upper and lower position where air discharge is from large heights and the HVAC system is operating in the partial load range (Figure 3b).

When the guide ring is fully extracted, all the supply air flows downwards. This position is selected for heating or heating-up operation (Figure 3c).

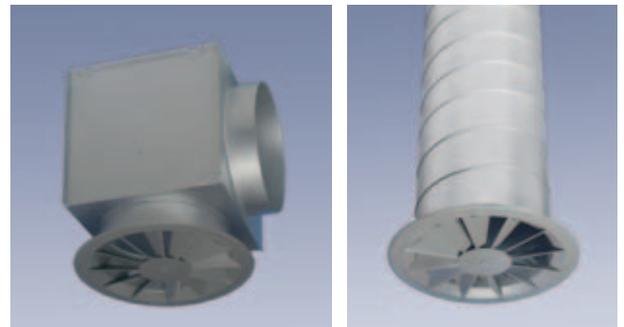
The adjustable radial outlet is ideal for both commercial and industrial applications.



**Fig. 3:** Jet pattern of adjustable radial outlet at different positions of the guide ring

## Air outlet data

Nom. $\phi$	Volume flow rate				Discharge height H m	Max. temperature difference supply air–indoor air $\Delta\theta$	
	$\dot{V}_{\min}$		$\dot{V}_{\max}$			Cooling K	Heating K
	l/s	m <sup>3</sup> /h	l/s	m <sup>3</sup> /h			
<b>200</b>	61	220	222	800	2.5 – 6	-12	12
<b>224</b>	78	280	280	1 000	2.8 – 6		15
<b>250</b>	97	350	360	1 300	2.8 – 6		15
<b>315</b>	116	560	555	2 000	3 – 8		15
<b>355</b>	194	700	695	2 500	3 – 9		15
<b>400</b>	250	900	1 055	3 800	3.5 – 12		15
<b>500</b>	444	1 600	1 530	5 500	4 – 13		15



**Fig. 4:** Photographs of connection types

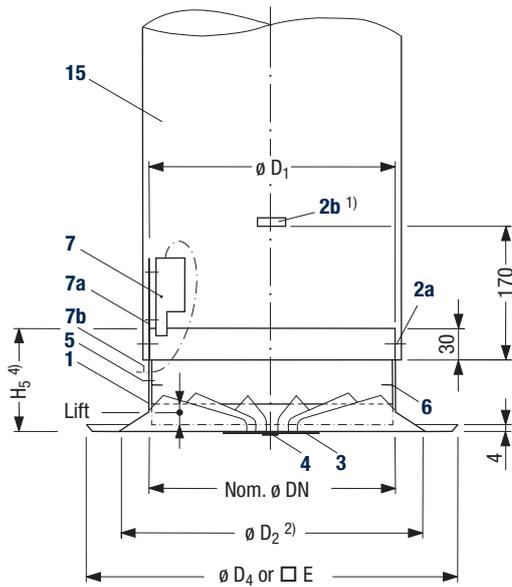
**Left:** With connection box

**Right:** Connection to spiral seam duct

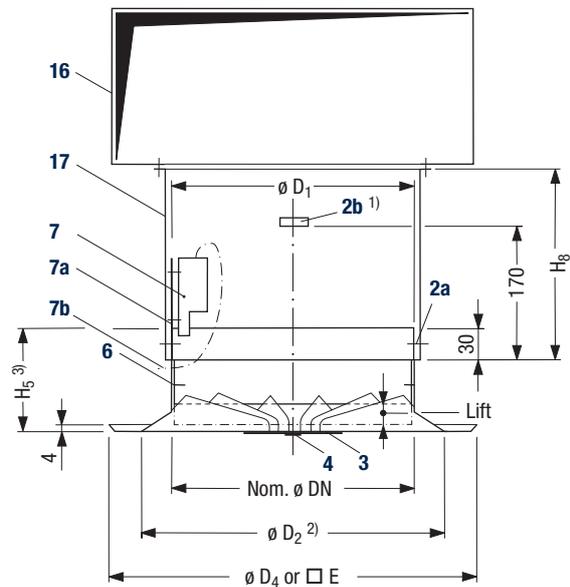
# Adjustable radial outlet

## Connection types and dimensions

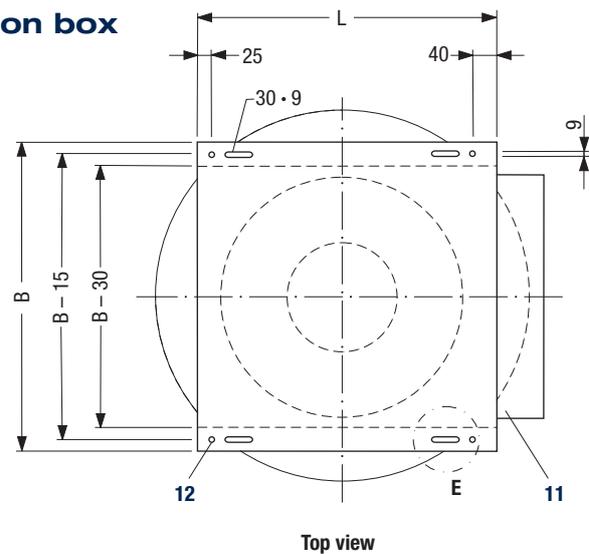
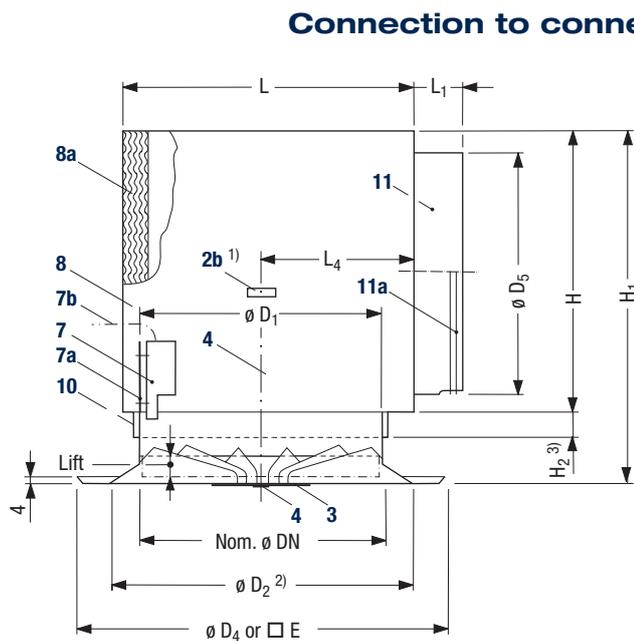
### Connection to circular duct



### Connection to air duct with spigot



### Connection to connection box



Nom. $\varnothing$ DN	Dimensions in mm																		Weight in kg <sup>4)</sup>	
	L	B	$\varnothing D_4$	$\square E$ <sup>5)</sup>	H	$L_1$	$L_4$	$H_1$	$H_{2-M}$ <sup>3)</sup>	$H_{2-E}$ <sup>3)</sup>	$H_{5-M}$ <sup>3)</sup>	$H_{5-E}$ <sup>3)</sup>	$H_8$	Lift	$\varnothing D_1$	$\varnothing D_2^{(2)}$	$\varnothing D_5$	①	②	
200	265	280	300	595	250	40	140	325	59	29	105	125	250	16	199	242	199	1.4	5.4	
224	290	305	336		275	40	152	355	62	31	110	130	300	18	223	271	223	1.5	6.1	
250	315	330	375		300	60	165	386	66	33	116	136	350	20	249	302	249	2.1	7.3	
315	380	395	470		620	365	60	197	463	74	37	128	148	450	24	314	380	314	3.1	10.7
355	420	435	530		405	60	217	512	80	41	137	157	450	27	354	428	354	3.7	12.9	
400	465	480	600	—	450	80	240	566	86	44	146	174	500	30	399	482	399	4.5	15.7	
500	565	580	750		550	80	290	686	100	49	166	186	500	36	499	602	499	7.8	17.2	

<sup>1)</sup> Standard for connection box, optional for duct connection

<sup>2)</sup> Ceiling cutout

<sup>3)</sup> Index 'M' with manual adjustment, 'E' with adjustment by electric servomotor

<sup>4)</sup> Weight without servomotor; weight of servomotor 0.5 – 1.2 kg

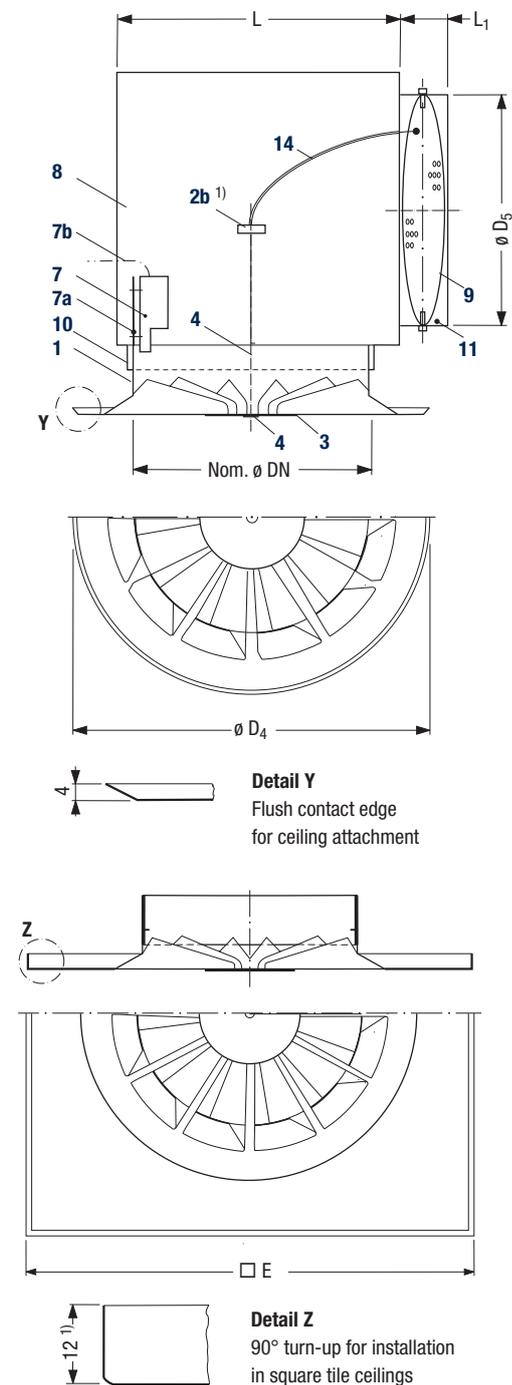
① air outlet; ② air outlet with connection box

<sup>5)</sup> Standard dimensions, others on request (see also table on page 5)

# Adjustable radial outlet

## Connection types and data

### Connection box with V damper in connection spigot, adjustable from room

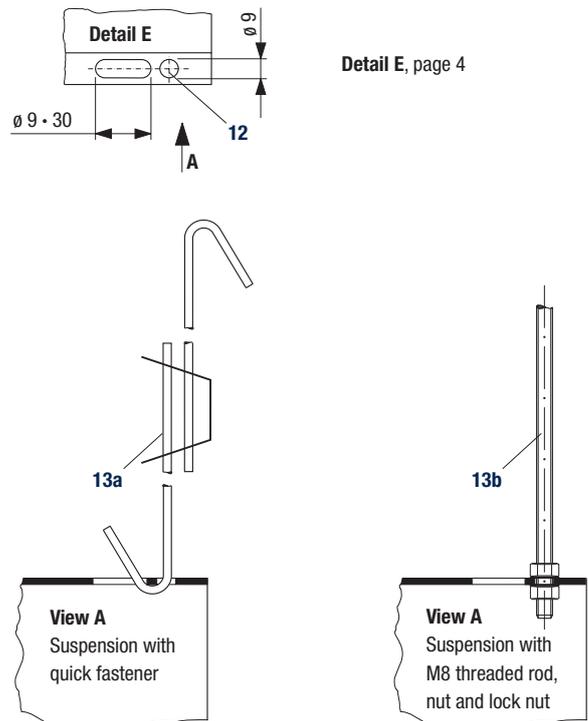


Dimensions in mm

DN	Contact edge <sup>2)</sup> Detail Y		90° turn-up <sup>2)</sup> Detail Z		Circular face Ø D <sub>4</sub>
	min. □ E	max. □ E	min. □ E	max. □ E	
200	295	715	285	680	300
224	325		320		336
250	360		350		375
315	435		425		470
355	485		475		530
400	540		540		600
500	655		655		750

Possible external dimensions of outlet faces

### Suspensions



Detail E, page 4

#### Key for all pages

- 1 Adjustable radial outlet
- 1a Outlet casing
- 1b Face
- 2a Screw or rivet fastener
- 2b Crossbeam for central fastening <sup>3)</sup>
- 3 Disc
- 4 Fastening screw M6 for DN 200, M8 from DN 224 upwards
- 5 Guide ring
- 6 Cam for manual adjustment
- 7 Servomotor with cable (0.9 m)
- 7a Console
- 7b Cable bushing
- 8 Connection box
- 8a Acoustic lining (optional)
- 9 V damper (optional)
- 10 Sleeve at connection box
- 11 Connection spigot, smooth
- 11a Connection spigot with lip seal on request
- 12 Bore for suspension
- 13a Suspension with quick fastener <sup>5)</sup>
- 13b Suspension with M8 threaded rod and nuts <sup>5)</sup>
- 14 Adjustment device for V damper (optional)
- 15 Circular duct (by others)
- 16 Rectangular duct (by others)
- 17 Spigot for connection to rectangular duct (by others)

<sup>1)</sup> Turn-up with different height on request!

<sup>2)</sup> Min. and max. dimensions for specific requirements on request

<sup>3)</sup> Standard for connection box, optional for duct connection

<sup>5)</sup> Suspension by others

# Adjustable radial outlet

## Comfort criteria

### Sound power level and pressure drop

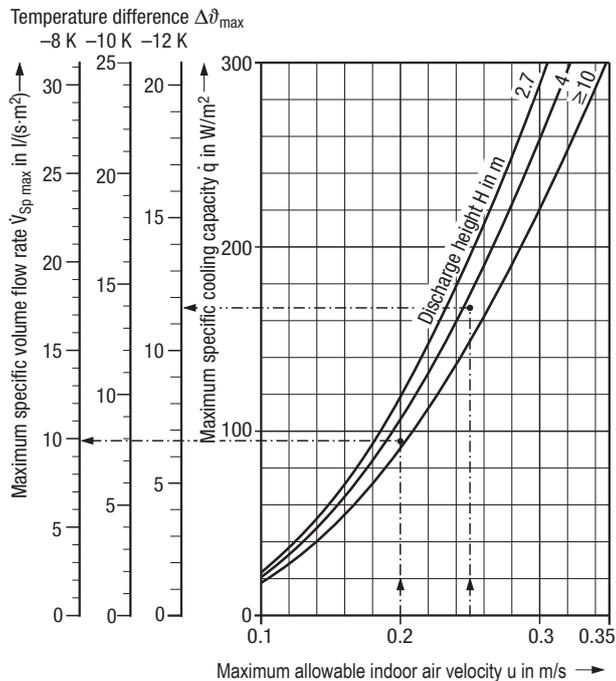
Sound power level and pressure drop are influenced by air volume flow rate, connection type and guide ring position. Values for sound power level and pressure drop can be read off the nomograms on pages 7 to 9. Sound power levels across octave band centre frequencies for all nominal sizes are tabulated on page 10.

### Comfort criteria 1)

The outlet layout must comply with the maximum allowable indoor air velocities  $u$  in the occupied zone in the cooling mode. The indoor air velocity depends on the cooling load that is to be removed from the room. The maximum specific cooling capacity  $\dot{q}$  depends on the discharge height and the maximum allowable indoor air velocity  $u$  (Graph 1).

Graph 1 enables to determine for the cooling mode the maximum specific volume flow rate  $\dot{V}_{Sp\ max}$  in relation to the maximum specific cooling capacity and the maximum temperature difference  $\Delta\vartheta_{\max}$ . The volume flow rate supplied to the room  $\dot{V}_{Sp\ tats}$  may not exceed this value.

Graph 2 enables to determine the minimum centre spacing between two outlets on the basis of the maximum height specific volume flow rate.

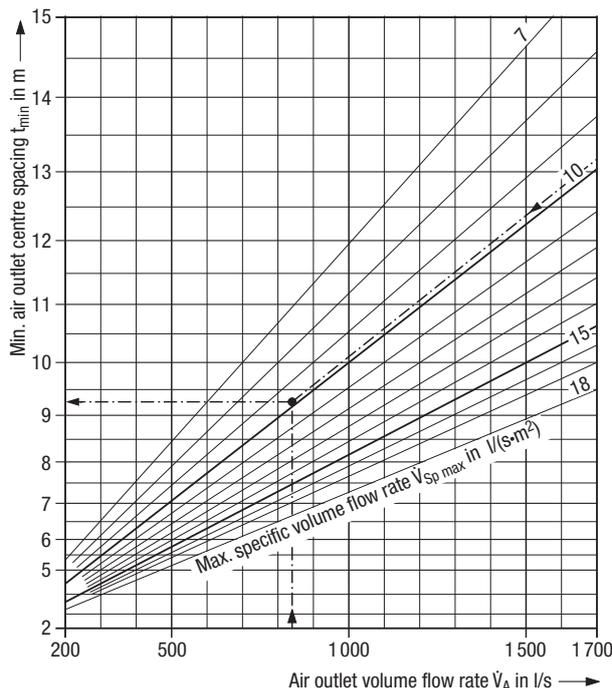
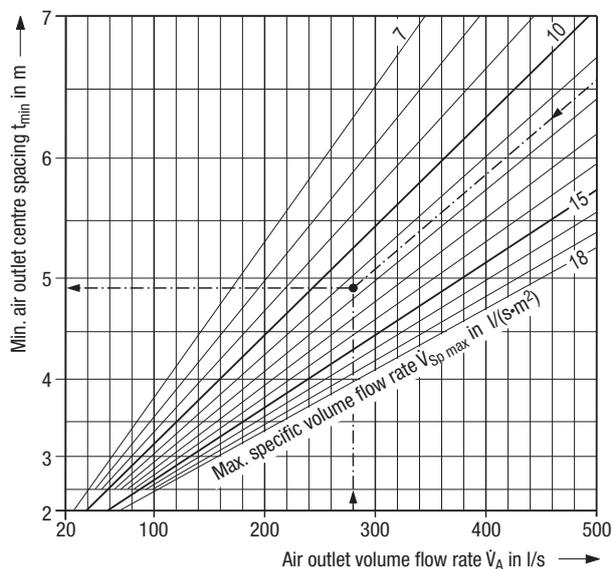


Graph 1: Maximum specific volume flow rate

1) See our brochure ref. TB 69 'Layout specifications for thermal comfort'

### Key for layout:

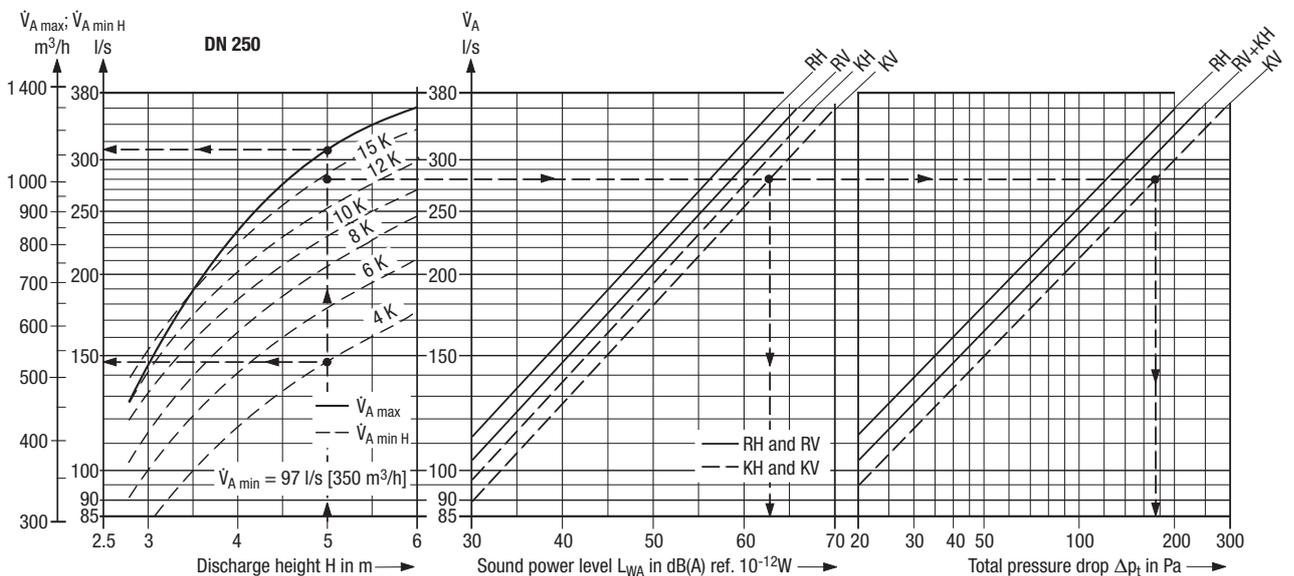
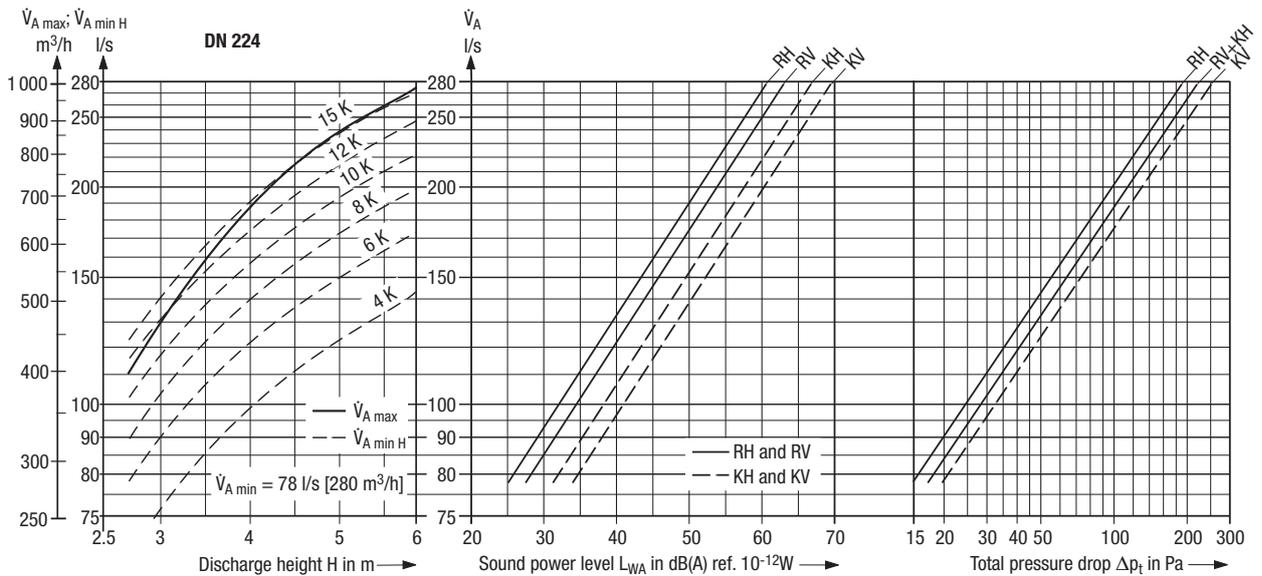
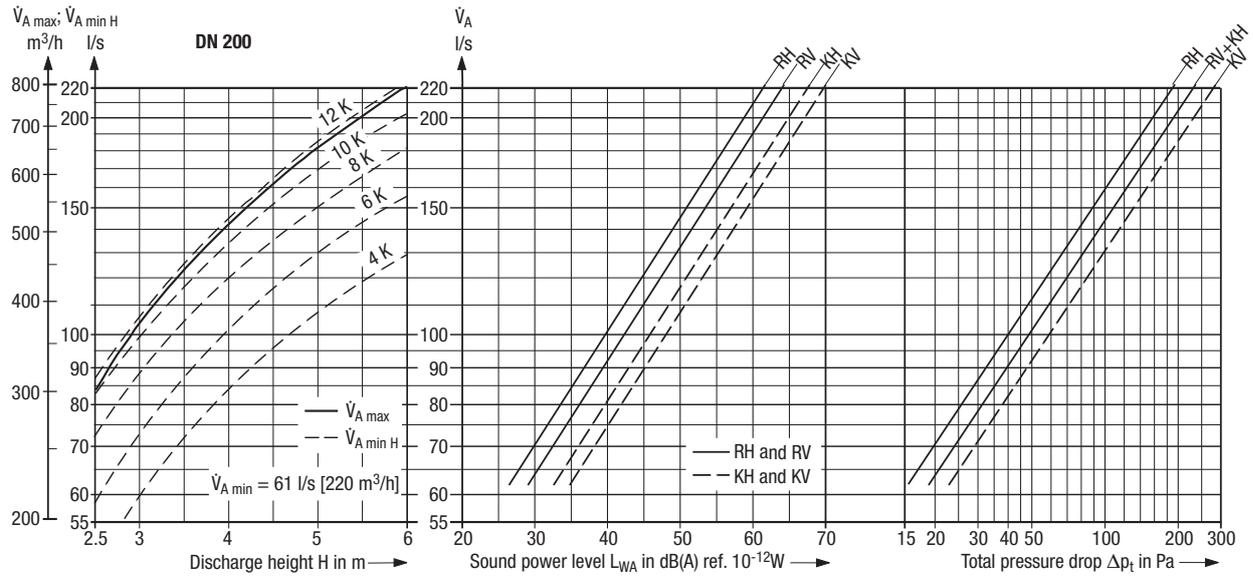
- $\dot{V}_A$  = volume flow rate per air outlet in l/s
- $\dot{V}_{A\ max}$  = max. volume flow rate per air outlet when cooling in l/s
- $\dot{V}_{A\ min}$  = min. volume flow rate per air outlet when cooling in l/s
- $\dot{V}_{A\ min\ H}$  = min. volume flow rate per air outlet in l/s, when heating, with  $\Delta\vartheta = \dots K$
- $\dot{V}_{Sp\ max}$  = max. specific volume flow rate per m<sup>2</sup> of floor area in l/(s·m<sup>2</sup>)
- $\dot{V}_{Sp\ tats}$  = actual specific volume flow rate per m<sup>2</sup> of floor area in l/(s·m<sup>2</sup>)
- $u$  = max. allowable indoor air velocity in m/s
- $\dot{q}$  = max. specific cooling capacity in W/m<sup>2</sup>
- $\Delta\vartheta_{\max}$  = max. temperature difference supply air to return air in K
- $t_{\min}$  = minimum air outlet centre spacing in m
- $H$  = discharge height in m
- $L_{WA}$  = sound power level in dB(A) ref. 10<sup>-12</sup> W
- $\Delta p_t$  = total pressure drop in Pa
- RV = Duct connection, vertical discharge
- RH = Duct connection, horizontal discharge
- KV = Connection box, vertical discharge
- KH = Connection box, horizontal discharge



Graph 2: Minimum air outlet centre spacing

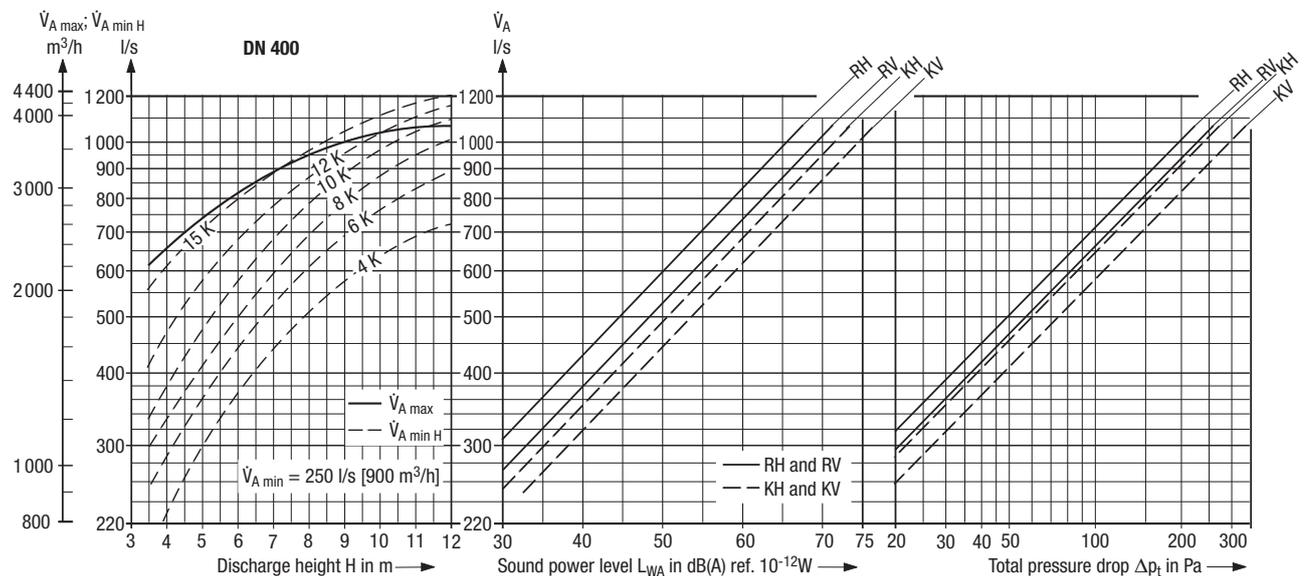
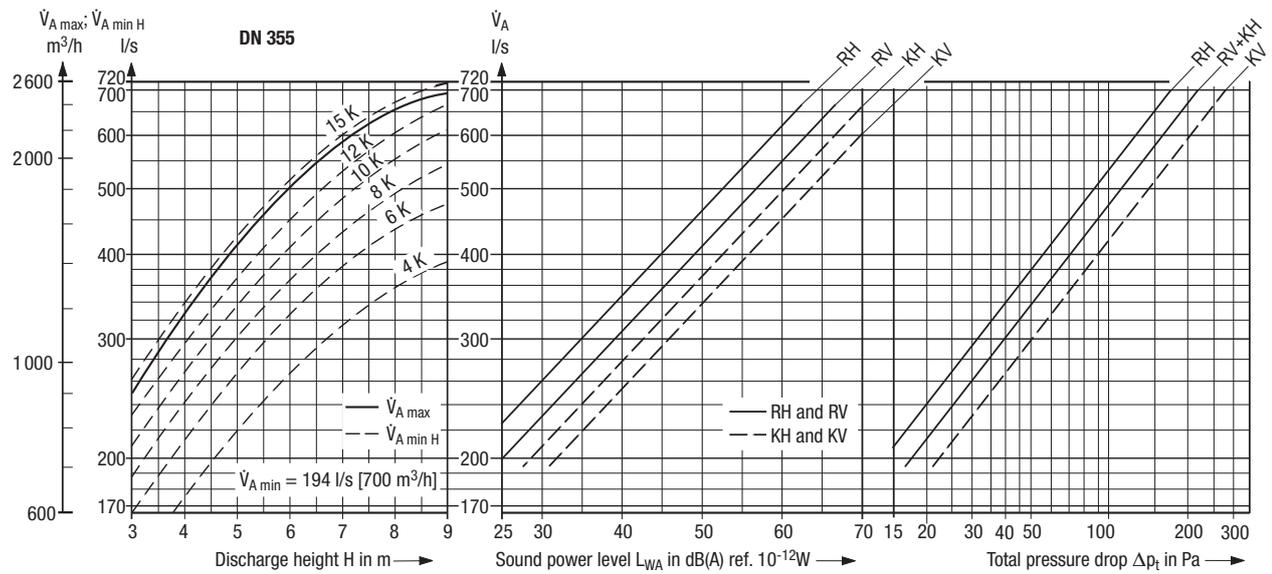
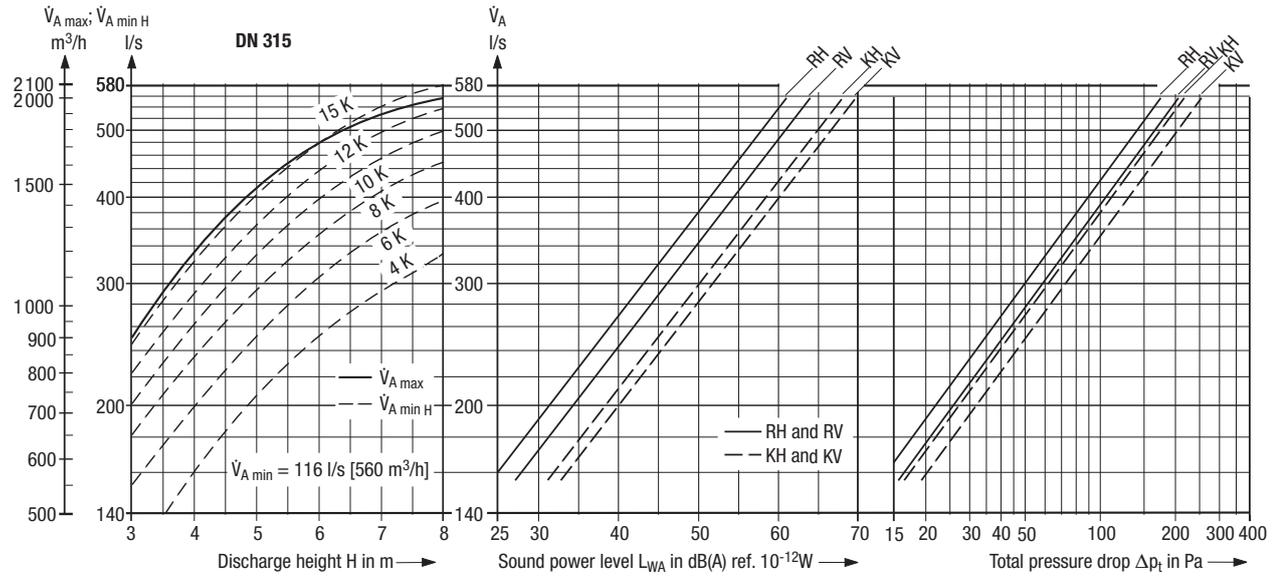
# Adjustable radial outlet

## Nomograms



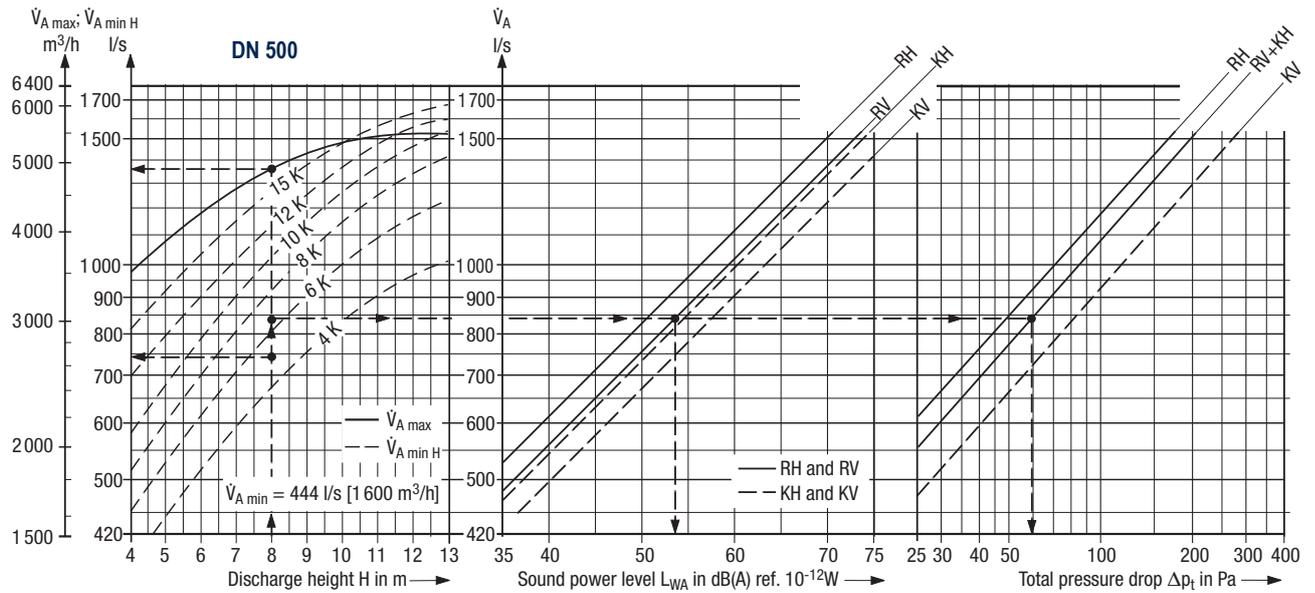
# Adjustable radial outlet

## Nomograms



# Adjustable radial outlet

## Nomogram



<b>Layout example for</b>			
air outlet size:		<b>DN 250</b>	<b>DN 500</b>
		Connection box	Duct connection
Place of use:		Shopping mall	Congress centre
<b>1</b>	Supply air volume flow rate $\dot{V}$	5 600 l/s	13 440 l/s
<b>2</b>	Discharge height $H$	5 m	8 m
<b>3</b>	Floor area $A$	645 $\text{m}^2$	1 600 $\text{m}^2$
<b>4</b>	Max. allowable sound power level $L_{WA}$	65 dB(A) ref. $10^{-12}\text{W}$	55 dB(A) ref. $10^{-12}\text{W}$
<b>5</b>	Max. temperature difference supply air–return air		
	– $\Delta\vartheta$ when cooling	–12 K	–8 K
	– $\Delta\vartheta$ when heating	+4 K	+5 K
<b>6</b>	Comfort criteria (see page 6)		
	– Max. allowable indoor air velocity $u$	Graph 1, p. 6 0.25 m/s	Graph 1, p. 6 0.2 m/s
	– Max. specific volume flow rate $\dot{V}_{Sp \max}$	Graph 1, p. 6 11.6 $\text{l}/(\text{s}\cdot\text{m}^2)$	Graph 1, p. 6 9.8 $\text{l}/(\text{s}\cdot\text{m}^2)$
	– Actual specific volume flow rate $\dot{V}_{Sp \text{ tats}}$	[from 1 : 3] 8.7 $\text{l}/(\text{s}\cdot\text{m}^2)$	[from 1 : 3] 8.4 $\text{l}/(\text{s}\cdot\text{m}^2)$
	Criterion is met if $\dot{V}_{Sp \text{ tats}} < \dot{V}_{Sp \max}$		
<b>From nomogram</b>		Page 7, bottom	Page 9, top
<b>7</b>	$\dot{V}_A \text{ max}$	311 l/s	1 333 l/s
<b>8</b>	$\dot{V}_A \text{ min H}$	147 l/s	744 l/s
	at $\Delta\vartheta = +4 \text{ K}$		$\Delta\vartheta = +5 \text{ K}$
<b>9</b>	$\dot{V}_A$ selected	280 l/s	840 l/s
<b>10</b>	$Z$ [ $\dot{V} : \dot{V}_A$ ]	20 units	16 units
<b>11</b>	$L_{WA \text{ max}}$	$\approx 62 \text{ dB(A)}$ ref. $10^{-12}\text{W}$	54 dB(A) ref. $10^{-12}\text{W}$
<b>12</b>	$\Delta p_t \text{ max}$	$\approx 174 \text{ Pa}$	60 Pa
<b>13</b>	$t_{\min}$ [Graph 2 on page 6]	$\approx 4.9 \text{ m}$	$\approx 9.3 \text{ m}$



Fig. 5: Adjustable radial outlet in the meeting room of a hotel



# Adjustable radial outlet



**Fig. 6: Vertical discharge when heating, discharge from great height**



**Fig. 7: Adjustable radial outlet in the ceiling of a restaurant, sectional view**

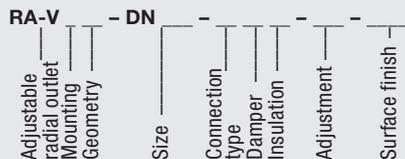
## Main features

- Turbulent mixing air flow
- Discharge direction steplessly adjustable from horizontal to vertical (downwards)
- Stable supply air jets, also at minimum volume flow rate
- Discharge heights of 2.5 m to 13 m, depending on nominal diameter and volume flow rate
- Jet penetration depth adaptable to room height and heat load
- Adjustment either manually or with servomotor
- Radial vanes flush with face
- For installation flush with suspended ceilings or free-hanging from the ceiling
- 7 sizes from DN 200 to DN 500
- Volume flow rate range from 61 to 1 530 l/s [220 to 5 500 m<sup>3</sup>/h]
- Max. temperature difference supply air–indoor air: –12 K when cooling, +15 K when heating
- Radial outlet easily removable from the bottom
- Connection either to a circular duct to EN 1506 or to the rectangular air duct via a spigot, or to a connection box with connection spigot; connection box optionally available with acoustic lining
- $\dot{V}$  damper optionally available for type with connection box, adjustable from room
- Spigot of connection box either smooth or with lip seal (on request)
- Available as standard with circular or square face
- Radial outlet made of painted sheet metal; connection box made of galvanized sheet metal

# Adjustable radial outlet

## Type code and tender text

### Type code



#### Mounting

- D = flush with ceiling
- F = freely suspended (free-hanging)

#### Geometry

- RS = round face
- Q1 = square face for square tile ceiling 600 mm x 600 mm <sup>1)</sup>
- Q2 = square face for square tile ceiling 625 mm x 625 mm <sup>1)</sup>

#### Size

- 200 = DN 200                      355 = DN 355
- 224 = DN 224                      400 = DN 400
- 250 = DN 250                      500 = DN 500
- 315 = DN 315

#### Connection type

- O = no connection piece (only discharge element)
- R = duct connection with rivet or screw connection
- T = duct connection with central fastening screw and cross bar
- K = connection box

#### Damper

- O = no volume flow damper
- R = with volume flow damper adjustable from room

#### Insulation

- O = without acoustic lining
- I = with acoustic lining

### Adjustment

	DN 200 – DN 400	DN 500
MA = manual	•	•
E1 = „Siemens servomotor, 0 – 10 V modulation“, rotation drive type GDB161.1E	•	
E2 = „Siemens servomotor, 3-point type, 24 V“, rotation drive type GDB131.1E	•	
E3 = „Siemens servomotor, 3-point type, 230 V“, rotation drive type GDB331.1E	•	
E4 = „Belimo servomotor, 0 – 10 V modulation“, rotation drive type LM24A-SR	•	
E5 = „Belimo servomotor, 3-point type, 24 V“, rotation drive type LM24A	•	
E6 = „Belimo servomotor, 3-point type, 230 V“, rotation drive type LM230A	•	
E7 = „Belimo servomotor, 0 – 10 V modulation“, rotation drive type NM24A-SR		•
E8 = „Belimo servomotor, 3-point drive, 24 V“, rotation drive type NM24A		•
E9 = „Belimo servomotor, 3-point drive, 230 V“, rotation drive type NM230A		•
E13 = „Siemens servomotor, 0 – 10 V modulation“, rotation drive type GLB161.1E		•
E14 = „Siemens servomotor, 3-point type, 24 V“, rotation drive type GLB131.1E		•
E15 = „Siemens servomotor, 3-point type, 230 V“, rotation drive type GLB331.1E		•

#### Surface finish

- 9010 = face painted to RAL 9010, semi-matt
- .... = face painted to RAL ....

### Tender text

..... units

Adjustable radial outlet for air distribution at large discharge heights and generation of high-quality indoor air flow with high-induction radial air jets, discharge direction steplessly adjustable from horizontal to vertical (downwards),

consisting of:

- low outlet element with circular casing, moulded face and radial vanes – vane underside flush with surrounding face –, either with circular face for flush mounting or with square face with turn-up for installation in square tile ceiling, vertically mobile guide ring for adjustment of discharge direction from nearly horizontal to vertical, manually or by electric servomotor, disc with central fastening screw;
- optionally designed for connection to the duct system, directly to a circular duct or via a spigot; fastening either with surrounding riveting or screwing (by others) or with central fastening screw for crossbeam <sup>2)</sup> to be provided with the radial outlet.

- optional flat connection box with lateral spigot, bottom sleeve to accommodate the radial outlet, and internal crossbeam for central fastening of outlet, including bores in upper box flanges, for suspension, optionally fitted with:

- volume flow damper adjustable from room,
- acoustic lining.

Mounting flush with ceiling or freely suspended.

Material:

- Radial outlet element made of galvanized sheet metal, visible air outlet parts painted to RAL ....
- Connection box made of galvanized sheet metal.

Make: KRANTZ KOMponentEN  
Type: RA-V \_\_ - DN \_\_ - - - - -

Subject to technical alterations.

<sup>1)</sup> Square face only up to DN 400

<sup>2)</sup> Best used for placement of radial outlets in false ceilings